Notes for Section 1.3 – Powers and Square Roots (Grade 7)

3⁵

3 = base

5 = power

means $3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$

 $4^2 = 4$ squared

 $4^3 = 4$ cubed

Square Roots

*Symbol for square root is $\sqrt{\text{(also called a radical sign)}}$

 $*\sqrt{49}$ – this can be read "the square root of 49" or "radical 49." Means what # times itself gives you the number under the radical sign. In this case 7.

*The <u>opposite</u> of taking the square root of a number is <u>squaring</u> the number (raising it to the second power).

 $\sqrt{49} = 7$ because $7^2 = 49$

*Cubed root – what # times itself times itself a 3rd time gives you the number under the radical sign.

*The <u>opposite</u> of taking the cubed root of a number is <u>cubing</u> the number (raising it to the third power.)